

# Human Metabolism

Real World Energy Learner Activity Instructions Grade Level: 9-12



## What you will learn:

You will investigate the composition of a variety of food items through a variety of tests. You will also observe a test that finds the heat content (energy) of food items.

## What you will need:

For both parts of this activity, you will need to print the learner worksheet and backgrounder (or ask your educator to print it for you).

#### Part 1:

Children's thermometers (with the glue strip on the back) or Aquarium thermometers (one for each learner pair group).

## **Background**

## Part 1:

Muscles store glycogen for later use as a source of energy. During exercise and the metabolic process, heat energy is released. To get a more visible change in temperature, use the triceps in the investigation.

#### Part 2:

The body is a balance between energy consumed through food and energy used through normal daily activities. To find the balance between the amount of calories taken in must be determined, as well as the amount of calories used in daily activities. To keep the balance, intake calories should equal the calories used. Another factor that affects the body balance is metabolic rate. Metabolic rate refers to the speed at which energy is released by the body.

## How to do it

#### Part 1:

- 1. Choose a partner to work with on this investigation.
- 2. Obtain materials from the list above.
- 3. Select one learner to record observations and one to do the physical activity.
- 4. Remove the paper strip from the back of the thermometer and place it on the back part of the upper arm (triceps). Place it on a part that has the least amount of hair.
- 5. Record the resting temperature.
- 6. Have the learner complete intense physical activity for 10 minutes (jumping jacks, running on the spot, standing push-ups against a wall, etc., increasing and decreasing the speed in intervals).
- 7. After 10 minutes, measure the temperature of the triceps and record it.
- 8. Continue to record the temperature in 5-minute intervals for 15 minutes after the physical activity. Record the temperature at each interval.
- When you have completed your observations, gather your equipment and return it to your instructor.

#### Part 2:

- 1. List what you ate in the last two days. Remember to include the amount of each food you ate (e.g., three pieces of toast).
- 2. Compare what you ate to the recommended servings outlined in the Canada Food Guide.



- 3. Compare what you ate to what is considered a balanced diet.
- 4. Investigate the areas that need changes to make sure you have a balanced diet.
- 5. Use the charts below to recommend a balance between calories coming into your body through eating and calories going out from doing daily activities.

Calories used per minute		
Activity	Estimated calories used (cal./min.)	
Sleeping	1.2	
Watching TV	1.5	
Class work (sitting)	1.5	
Talking	1.2	
Driving car	2.0	
Eating	2.5	
Standing	2.5	
Walking	3.0	
Driving motorcycle	3.0	
Baseball	3.5	
Golf	5.0	
Dancing (fast)	5.5	
Cycling (14 kph)	7.0	
Running slow	10.0	
Football	12.5	
Jogging	12.5	
Hockey	14	
Running fast	14.5	
Skiing (fast)	17.0	

Source: Adapted from the University of Saskatchewan's food nut program.

Calories for common foods per serving			
Food Item	Serving Size	Calories per Serving	
Milk	250 mL/ 1 cup	160	
Skim milk	250 mL/ 1 cup	90	
Soy milk	250 mL/ 1 cup	81	
Apple juice	250 mL/ 1 cup	115	
Ice cream	125 mL/ 1/2 cup	135	
Low-fat yogurt	175 g / 3/4 cup	139	
Margarine	10 g / 2 tsp	73	
Light cream cheese	30 g / 2 tbsp	65	
Mayonnaise	15 mL / 1 tbsp	100	
Cheddar cheese	50 g	200	
Mozzarella cheese	50 g	150	

Peanut butter	30 g / 2 tbsp	95
Jam	15 mL / 1 tbsp	50
Pita bread	1 pita	170
White bread	1 slice	65
Whole wheat bread	1 slice	70
Bagel	1	200
Bran type cereal	2 tbsp / 30 g	90
Eggs	1	80
Banana	1	105
Orange	1	60
Apple	1	80
Peach	1	35
Carrots (raw)	1 carrot	30
Celery	1 stalk	5
Cucumber	6 large slices	5
Lettuce	1 wedge	20
Tomato	1 tomato	25
Potato	1 baked potato	220
Rice (brown)	1 cup	230
Rice (white)	1 cup	225
Beef (cooked)	1 piece	325
Steak	3 oz.	240
Ground Beef	3 oz.	245
Ham	2 slices	105
Bacon	3 medium slices	110
Bologna	2 slices	180
Salami	2 slices	145
Chicken drumstick	1 drumstick	195
Roasted chicken	1 piece	140
breast		
French fries	10 strips in oil	160
French fries	10 strips in oven	110
Chocolate bar	1 bar	150
Cheesecake	1 piece	280
Italian salad	1 tbsp	80
dressing		
McDonald's	1 burger	320
Cheeseburger		
McDonald's Big	1 burger	560
Mac		
McDonald's large	1 large fries	450
fries		
Arby's Beef n'	1	507
Cheddar		
KFC Chicken Breast	1	400

Source: Nutrition Essentials and Diet Therapy, by Nancy J. Peckenpaugh, Charlotte M. Poleman, and Maura Connor, Philadelphia: Saunders, 1991.